



ECOMEDPORT WEBINAR

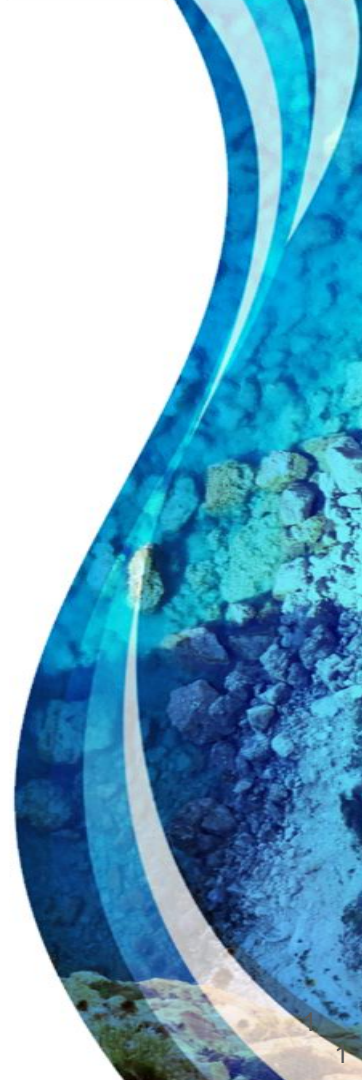
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Tunisia 6th July 2020, 10:30 AM - 12:00 AM

A novel technology developed for sedimentation issues in Mediterranean

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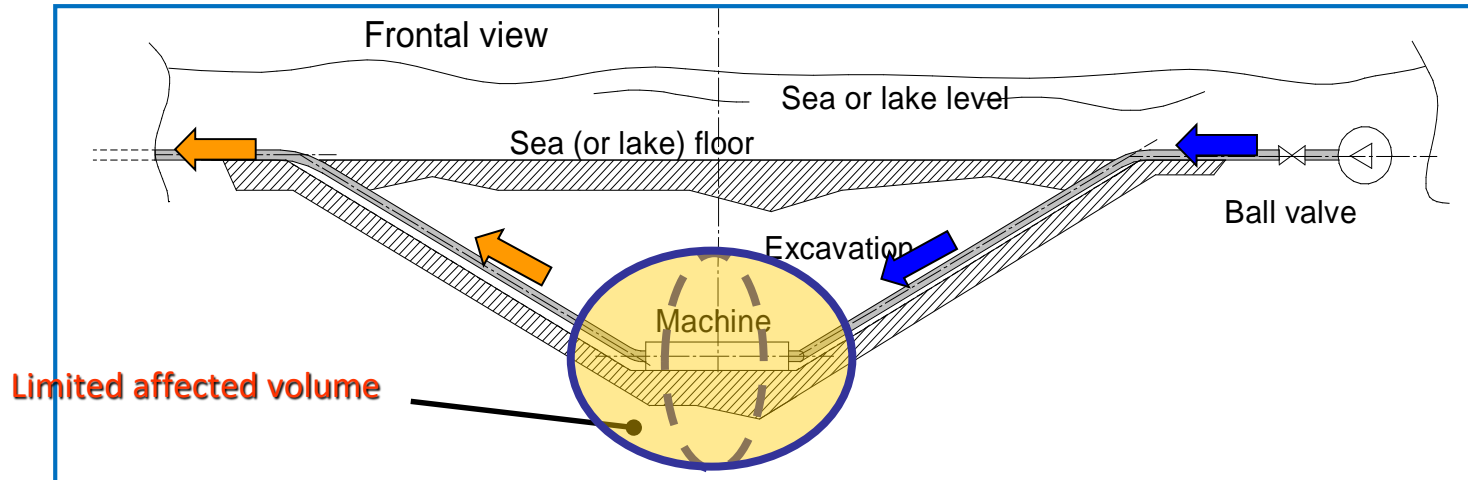
The ejector's operating principle is based on the combined effect of two different nozzles:

- Radial nozzles: they create a suspension of water and sediment;
- Central nozzle: thanks to the Venturi effect, the central nozzle sucks up a mixture of sediment and water and conveys it into a discharge pipe.

To realize a technology able to model and maintain the seabed at the entrance of the port at a certain depth and able to:

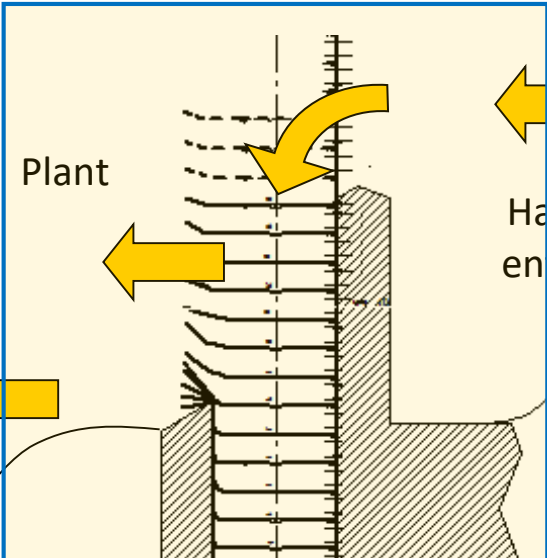
- minimize environmental impact,
- avoid the turbidity of sea water,
- not to be an obstacle during operation,
- Integration into the architecture and landscape of the port.

Ejectors work with sediment which arrives naturally in a certain area, so it does not add or remove sediment from that area. Once the system reaches regime operation (i.e. a few minutes), the marine ecosystem is no longer affected by the plant.



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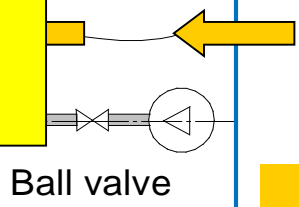
Sediment leaving the area, given back to the natural flow



Harbour entrance

Sediment coming with the natural flow

Massa balance equal to ZERO
Sediment in = Sediment out
No DREDGING



Sediment IN

Sediment OUT

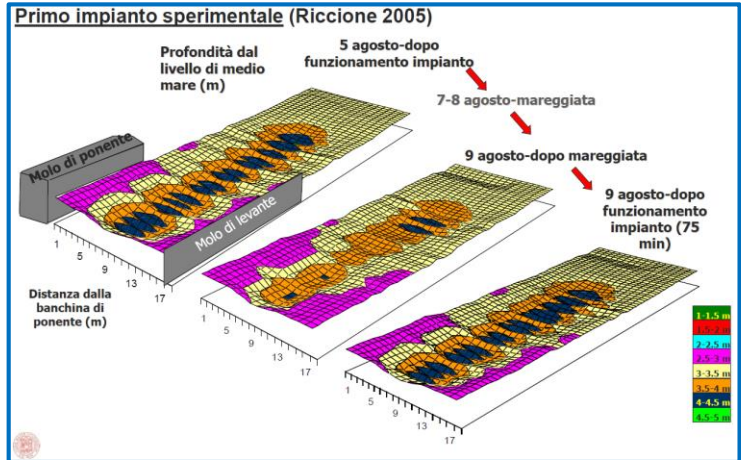
Machine

Excavation

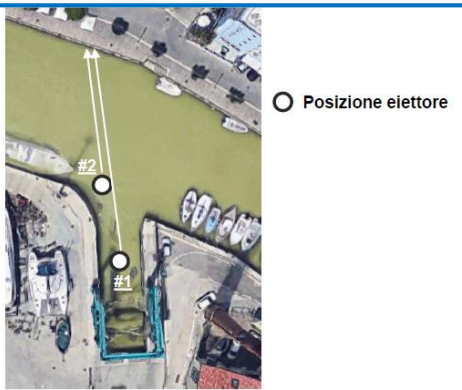
CUSTOMER SEGMENTS

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1. Port entrances/Marinas



2. Shipyards/Drydocks/slipways



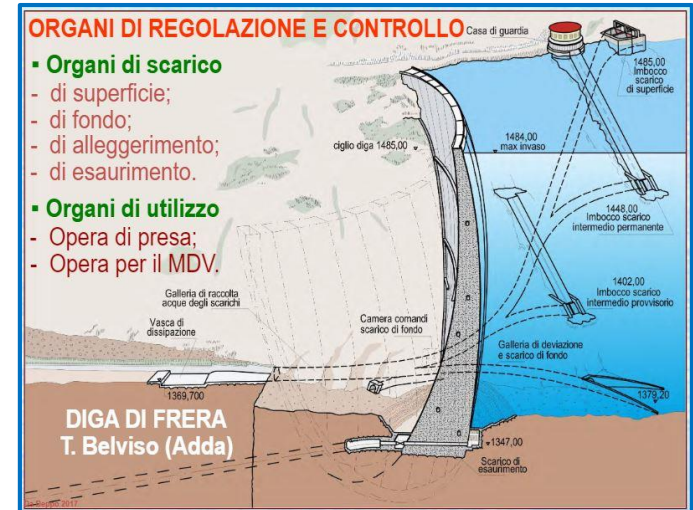
CUSTOMER SEGMENTS

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3. Seabed restoration at the foot of the docks



4. Protection of bottom discharges of dams / loading channels of turbines / hydraulic works





ECOMEDPORT

- Innovative and customized solution for sediment management.
- Lower management cost if compared to dredging.
- Navigation safety improvement.
- Extended and improved port performance.
- Environmental impact reduction (if compared to dredging).
- Simplification in budget planning.
- No authorization needed (if compared to dredging).
- Sediment management not dependent from dredging companies.

MARINA PLAN PLUS IN A GLANCE



8 main actions (technical, communication, management) are to be developed in the project. It includes:

- preliminary field test (completed in July 2017);
- design, construction (completed in June 2019) and management of a sediment management plant at the entrance of the Cervia port channel;
- The techno-economic and environmental assessment of technology.

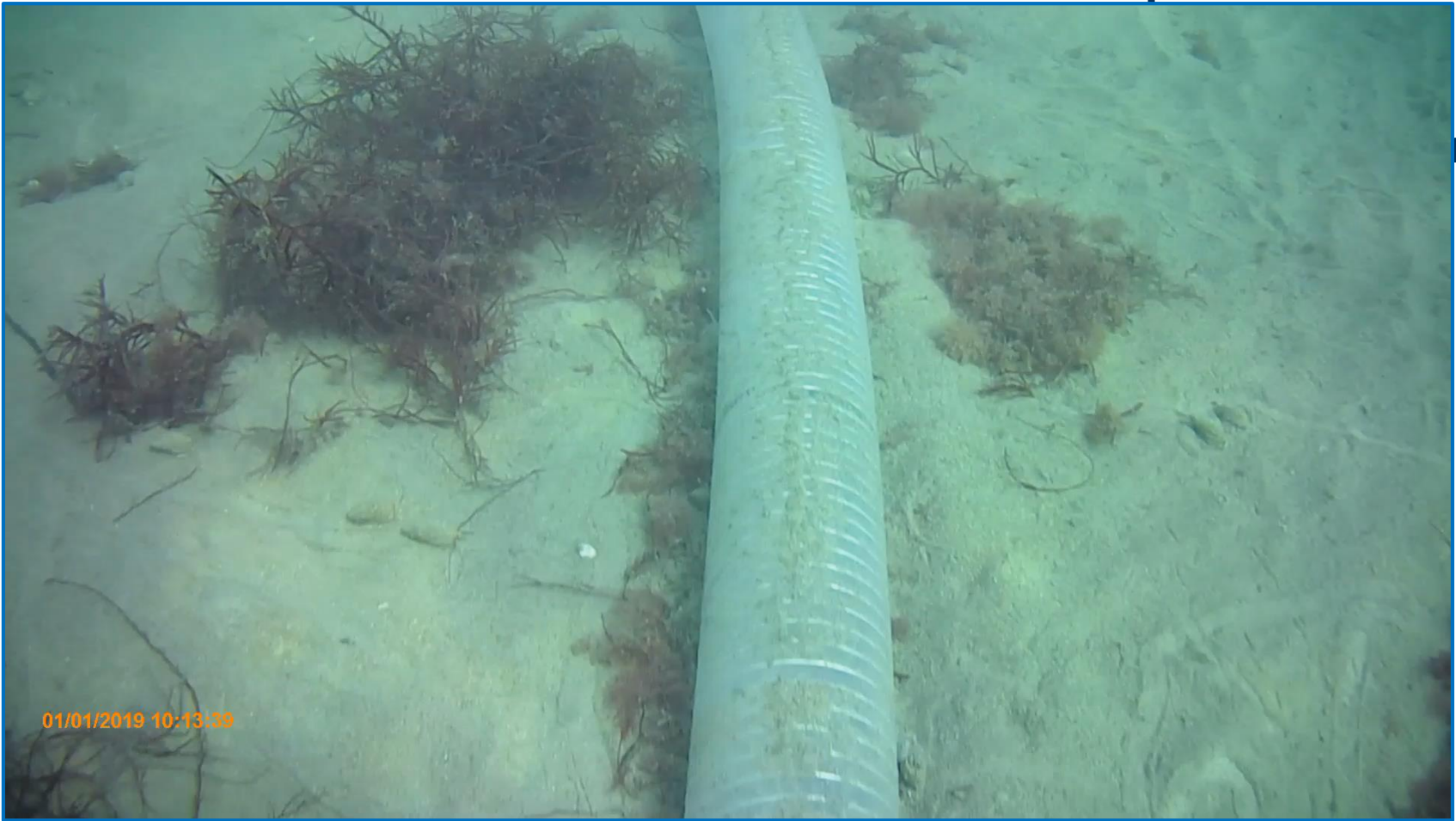
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Start: 3 October 2016
 Duration: 39 months, extended to 51
 EC funding: € 1,452,807 (57.7%)
 Total cost of the project: € 2,519,245



TIMETABLE

Action numbe	Action Name of the action	2016				2017				2018				2019				2020				2021							
		I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV				
A. Preparatory actions (if needed)																													
A.1	Preliminary on field tests					■	■	■																					
B. Implementation actions (obligatory)																													
B.1	Demo Plant design					■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■																
B.2	Demo plant realization, commissioning and management									■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■				
B.3	Design of seabed maintenance management plan																	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■				
C. Monitoring of the impact of the project actions (obligatory)																													
C.1	Monitoring the project's environmental and socio-economic impacts on Port of Cervia					■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■				
D. Public awareness and dissemination of results (obligatory)																													
D.1	Dissemination Pack and Communication Plan					■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■				
D.2	Dissemination planning and execution, Replicability					■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■				
E. Project management (obligatory)																													
E.1	Project Management, Monitoring and After LIFE Plan.					■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■				





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Thank you for your attention

